Cause and Effect

Grade 2 Reading Worksheet - Building Confidence

Name _____ Date _____

Read the text. Circle the best answer.

READ THIS FIRST

Where Do Puddles Go?

After a rainstorm, puddles cover the sidewalk and the yard. A few hours later, many of them are gone. Where did the water go?

Some of the water soaks into the ground. Dirt has tiny spaces that let water seep in. Water cannot soak through a hard sidewalk, so those puddles last longer.

The rest of the water goes up into the air. When the sun warms a puddle, the water slowly turns into a gas called water vapor. You cannot see water vapor, but it is in the air all around you. This change is called evaporation.

Puddles dry up faster on hot, sunny days. Wind helps too, because it carries the water vapor away. On a cool, cloudy day, a puddle may last until the next morning.

Later, the water vapor rises high into the sky. It cools and forms clouds.

1. How does some of the puddle water get into the ground?
   - The sun pushes it down into the soft dirt.
   - The wind blows it under the old sidewalk.
   - It seeps into tiny spaces in the dirt.

2. What happens when the sun warms a puddle?
   - The water turns into hard ice right away.
   - The puddle gets bigger as the sun warms it.
   - The water slowly turns into water vapor.

3. Which sentence uses because the right way?
   - Because the day is cool and cloudy, the puddle dries fast.
   - Because the water evaporates, the sun warms the puddle.
   - Because the sun warms the puddle, the water evaporates.

4. Why does wind help puddles dry?
   - It pushes the water into the ground.
   - It carries the water vapor away.
   - It makes clouds cover the sun.

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Answer Key - Grade 2 Reading Worksheet - Building Confidence

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