Animal Group Behavior

Grade 3 Science Worksheet - Building Confidence

Name _____ Date _____

Circle the answer.

1. Wolves in a pack hunt together. What does this help them do?
   - catch large animals for food
   - sleep longer each day
   - stay cooler in summer

2. Which is an example of animals living in a group?
   - a herd of zebras grazing together
   - a turtle resting on a log
   - a spider waiting in its web

3. Geese fly in a V shape on long trips. How does this help them?
   - they fly closer to the ground
   - they need less sleep
   - they use less energy

4. Musk oxen form a ring with their calves in the middle when wolves come. Why?
   - the adults keep the calves safe inside
   - the calves can see the wolves better
   - the adults can run away faster

5. One ant finds food and leaves a scent trail back to the nest. What does the trail do?
   - keeps other ants away from the food
   - leads other ants to the food
   - shows the ant the way to water

6. Dolphins swim in groups called pods. How does a pod help young dolphins?
   - the pod keeps the young warmer at night
   - the young can stay underwater longer
   - adults help watch and protect them

7. Penguins huddle close together in icy wind. What need does this help them meet?

building nests staying warm finding food

8. Many ants carry a big crumb together. Why does working together help?

they can find water faster

they can make the crumb smaller

they can move food one ant could not lift

9. One meerkat stands on a rock and watches while the others dig for food. What is its job?

to find the best food first

to warn the group about danger

to show the group where to dig

10. Adult elephants stand around a calf when lions come near. What does this do?

helps the calf find water protects the calf teaches the calf to hunt

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Answer Key - Grade 3 Science Worksheet - Building Confidence

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