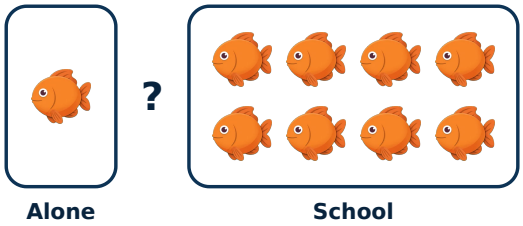
Animal Group Behavior

Grade 3 Science Worksheet - Building Confidence

Name _____ Date _____

Circle the answer.

1. The picture shows one fish swimming alone and a school of fish swimming together. Which way makes it harder for a predator to catch one fish?



swimming together in a school

swimming alone near the bottom

swimming alone in open water

2. Honeybees cluster tightly inside the hive in winter. What does this help them do?

keep warm together find new flowers make the hive bigger

3. A prairie dog sees a hawk and gives a loud call. What do the other prairie dogs do?

run into their burrows walk toward the hawk keep eating in the open

4. Wolves in a pack hunt together. What does this help them do?

catch large animals for food

stay cooler in summer

sleep longer each day

5. Which is an example of animals living in a group?

a herd of zebras grazing together

a turtle resting on a log

a spider waiting in its web

6. Geese fly in a V shape on long trips. How does this help them?

- they fly closer to the ground
- they use less energy
- they need less sleep

7. Musk oxen form a ring with their calves in the middle when wolves come. Why?

- the adults can run away faster
- the calves can see the wolves better
- the adults keep the calves safe inside

8. One ant finds food and leaves a scent trail back to the nest. What does the trail do?

- shows the ant the way to water
- leads other ants to the food
- keeps other ants away from the food

9. Dolphins swim in groups called pods. How does a pod help young dolphins?

- adults help watch and protect them
- the young can stay underwater longer
- the pod keeps the young warmer at night

10. Penguins huddle close together in icy wind. What need does this help them meet?

staying warm building nests finding food

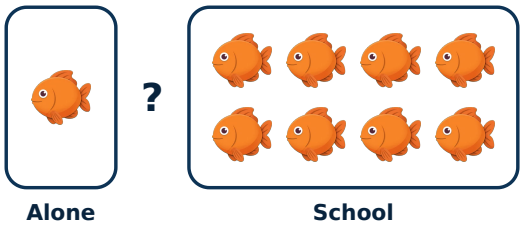
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Animal Group Behavior

Answer Key - Grade 3 Science Worksheet - Building Confidence

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