Cultures and Communities

Grade 3 Social Studies Worksheet

Name _____ Date _____

Circle the answer.

1. What do the neighbors do with the papel picado?

Source

Party program

Handed out at a Mexican American holiday party

Neighbors hang papel picado (pah-PEL pee-KAH-doh): colorful paper banners with cut-out shapes.

They hang the banners up. They wrap gifts in it. They fold it into cranes. They read it like a book.

2. What do the drummers do at the powwow?

Source

Powwow web page

Posted after a summer powwow

Dancers wear clothes with bright beadwork. Drummers keep the beat for the dancers.

sew beadwork on clothes
sing alone after the dancing
keep the beat for the dancers
lead a parade down the street

3. Which detail shows that food is part of this tradition?

Source

Lunar New Year program

Handed out at the community center

Families share dumplings. Children get red envelopes for good luck.

It is at the community center.
It is a new year celebration.
Families share dumplings.
Children get red envelopes.

4. Which words in the source tell what a diya is?

Source

Interview with a dancer

Recorded at an Indian American Diwali (dee-VAH-lee) party

We light small clay lamps called diyas. The lights stand for good winning over bad.

an Indian American party a dancer's costume small clay lamps
good winning over bad

5. Which detail shows the basket craft is passed down?

Source

Museum label

Beside a basket in a South Carolina museum

Gullah Geechee (GULL-uh GEE-chee) artists sew sweetgrass into baskets. Parents teach children the same stitches.

The basket is in a museum.
Parents teach children the same stitches.
The museum is in South Carolina.
Artists sew sweetgrass into baskets.

6. Why did Grandma Rosa most likely send the recipe?

Source

Letter from Grandma Rosa

Sent to her grandson in November

I am sending our family's tamale recipe. Every December we make them together.

because she stopped making tamales
so her grandson can keep the family tradition
so he can win a cooking contest
so he can sell tamales at a store

7. Which detail shows the paper cranes have a meaning?

Source

Festival notes

Written at a Japanese American festival

Families fold paper into cranes. A sign says the crane is a symbol of hope.

The cranes are made of paper.
It was written at a festival.
The crane is a symbol of hope.
Families fold the paper.

8. Two students compare these two events. What should they use?

Source A

Powwow web page

Posted after a summer powwow

Dancers wear clothes with bright beadwork. Drummers keep the beat for the dancers.

Source B

School newsletter

Written after Irish American music night

Musicians played fiddles and tin whistles. They said these tunes came with their families from Ireland.

a guess about which is more fun
what one friend thinks
only the titles of the sources
details from each source

9. Who is speaking in this source?

Source

Interview with an elder

Recorded at a Haudenosaunee (hoe-dee-no-SHOW-nee) gathering

We tell our stories each winter. They teach children how to treat the land and each other.

a museum worker an elder at a gathering a teacher at school a student on a trip

10. Why is the rug pattern special to the weaver, according to the notes?

Source

Class trip notes

Written at a Navajo weaving show

A weaver showed us a rug. Each pattern takes weeks. She learned it from her grandmother.

She learned it from her grandmother.
She made it in one day.
She sold it for a lot of money.
It was the biggest rug at the show.

Scan to get this marked free. No screen time for your child.
Print it · do it in pencil · scan it · PencilGo picks the next sheet.

Cultures and Communities

Answer Key - Grade 3 Social Studies Worksheet

Circle the answer.

1. What do the neighbors do with the papel picado?

Source

Party program

Handed out at a Mexican American holiday party

Neighbors hang papel picado (pah-PEL pee-KAH-doh): colorful paper banners with cut-out shapes.

They hang the banners up. They wrap gifts in it. They fold it into cranes.
They read it like a book.

2. What do the drummers do at the powwow?

Source

Powwow web page

Posted after a summer powwow

Dancers wear clothes with bright beadwork. Drummers keep the beat for the dancers.

sew beadwork on clothes
sing alone after the dancing
keep the beat for the dancers
lead a parade down the street

3. Which detail shows that food is part of this tradition?

Source

Lunar New Year program

Handed out at the community center

Families share dumplings. Children get red envelopes for good luck.

It is at the community center.
It is a new year celebration.
Families share dumplings.
Children get red envelopes.

4. Which words in the source tell what a diya is?

Source

Interview with a dancer

Recorded at an Indian American Diwali (dee-VAH-lee) party

We light small clay lamps called diyas. The lights stand for good winning over bad.

an Indian American party a dancer's costume small clay lamps
good winning over bad

5. Which detail shows the basket craft is passed down?

Source

Museum label

Beside a basket in a South Carolina museum

Gullah Geechee (GULL-uh GEE-chee) artists sew sweetgrass into baskets. Parents teach children the same stitches.

The basket is in a museum.
Parents teach children the same stitches.
The museum is in South Carolina.
Artists sew sweetgrass into baskets.

6. Why did Grandma Rosa most likely send the recipe?

Source

Letter from Grandma Rosa

Sent to her grandson in November

I am sending our family's tamale recipe. Every December we make them together.

because she stopped making tamales
so her grandson can keep the family tradition
so he can win a cooking contest
so he can sell tamales at a store

7. Which detail shows the paper cranes have a meaning?

Source

Festival notes

Written at a Japanese American festival

Families fold paper into cranes. A sign says the crane is a symbol of hope.

The cranes are made of paper.
It was written at a festival.
The crane is a symbol of hope.
Families fold the paper.

8. Two students compare these two events. What should they use?

Source A

Powwow web page

Posted after a summer powwow

Dancers wear clothes with bright beadwork. Drummers keep the beat for the dancers.

Source B

School newsletter

Written after Irish American music night

Musicians played fiddles and tin whistles. They said these tunes came with their families from Ireland.

a guess about which is more fun
what one friend thinks
only the titles of the sources
details from each source

9. Who is speaking in this source?

Source

Interview with an elder

Recorded at a Haudenosaunee (hoe-dee-no-SHOW-nee) gathering

We tell our stories each winter. They teach children how to treat the land and each other.

a museum worker

an elder at a gathering

a teacher at school

a student on a trip

10. Why is the rug pattern special to the weaver, according to the notes?

Source

Class trip notes

Written at a Navajo weaving show

A weaver showed us a rug. Each pattern takes weeks. She learned it from her grandmother.

She learned it from her grandmother.

She made it in one day.

She sold it for a lot of money.

It was the biggest rug at the show.