Cite Evidence From the Text

Grade 4 Reading Worksheet - Building Confidence

Name _____ Date _____

Read the text. Circle the detail that best shows or explains each idea.

READ THIS FIRST

Snow Monkeys in the Hot Springs

In the mountains of central Japan, winter can be bitterly cold. Snow may cover the ground for four months, and temperatures often fall below freezing. Yet one group of Japanese macaques, often called snow monkeys, has found a warm place to spend the winter. Their thick fur keeps them warm on land, but the coldest days call for something more.

In a valley called Jigokudani, natural hot springs bubble up from the ground. The water stays warm even when snow falls around it. Some of the monkeys climb into these pools and sit with only their heads above the water. Snowflakes collect on their fur while their bodies stay warm below.

Not every monkey bathes. Scientists who studied the group found that higher-ranking females spent the most time in the springs. Younger and lower-ranking monkeys often waited at the edge. The scientists also measured a stress hormone in the monkeys' droppings. In winter, the bathers had lower levels than the monkeys that stayed dry.

The monkeys did not always bathe. Park workers say the habit began in the 1960s. A young female followed some beans that had been tossed into a pool. Others soon copied her, and the habit spread through the group.

Today, visitors travel from around the world to watch the monkeys soak. They must stay on the paths and never feed the animals.

1. Which detail best shows that a monkey's rank matters at the springs?
   The water in the pools stays warm even when snow falls.
   Higher-ranking females spent the most time bathing.
   Visitors travel from around the world to watch them.

2. Which detail best shows that the monkeys' bodies stay warm in the pools?
   Snowflakes sit on their fur while their bodies stay warm.
   Park workers say the bathing habit began in the 1960s.
   Visitors travel from around the world.

3. Which detail best shows that people enjoy watching the monkeys?
   Scientists measured a stress hormone in the monkeys' droppings.
   Visitors travel from around the world to watch the monkeys.
   Younger monkeys often waited at the edge of the pool.

4. Which detail best shows that the bathing habit began with one monkey?
   The water stays warm in the pools even when snow falls.
   Higher-ranking females spent the most time in the springs.
   A young female followed some beans tossed into a pool.

Scan to get this marked free. No screen time for your child.
Print it · do it in pencil · scan it · PencilGo picks the next sheet.

Cite Evidence From the Text

Answer Key - Grade 4 Reading Worksheet - Building Confidence

Read the text. Circle the detail that best shows or explains each idea.

READ THIS FIRST

Snow Monkeys in the Hot Springs

In the mountains of central Japan, winter can be bitterly cold. Snow may cover the ground for four months, and temperatures often fall below freezing. Yet one group of Japanese macaques, often called snow monkeys, has found a warm place to spend the winter. Their thick fur keeps them warm on land, but the coldest days call for something more.

In a valley called Jigokudani, natural hot springs bubble up from the ground. The water stays warm even when snow falls around it. Some of the monkeys climb into these pools and sit with only their heads above the water. Snowflakes collect on their fur while their bodies stay warm below.

Not every monkey bathes. Scientists who studied the group found that higher-ranking females spent the most time in the springs. Younger and lower-ranking monkeys often waited at the edge. The scientists also measured a stress hormone in the monkeys' droppings. In winter, the bathers had lower levels than the monkeys that stayed dry.

The monkeys did not always bathe. Park workers say the habit began in the 1960s. A young female followed some beans that had been tossed into a pool. Others soon copied her, and the habit spread through the group.

Today, visitors travel from around the world to watch the monkeys soak. They must stay on the paths and never feed the animals.

1. Which detail best shows that a monkey's rank matters at the springs?
   - The water in the pools stays warm even when snow falls.
   - **Higher-ranking females spent the most time bathing.**
   - Visitors travel from around the world to watch them.

2. Which detail best shows that the monkeys' bodies stay warm in the pools?
   - **Snowflakes sit on their fur while their bodies stay warm.**
   - Park workers say the bathing habit began in the 1960s.
   - Visitors travel from around the world.

3. Which detail best shows that people enjoy watching the monkeys?
   - Scientists measured a stress hormone in the monkeys' droppings.
   - **Visitors travel from around the world to watch the monkeys.**
   - Younger monkeys often waited at the edge of the pool.

4. Which detail best shows that the bathing habit began with one monkey?
   - The water stays warm in the pools even when snow falls.
   - Higher-ranking females spent the most time in the springs.
   - **A young female followed some beans tossed into a pool.**