Divide Words Into Syllables

Grade 4 Spelling Worksheet - Challenge Me

Name _____ Date _____

Circle the rule that explains each break.

1. "invitation" is divided in-vi-ta-tion. Which rule explains the break between "ta" and "tion"?

   Split after the consonant, because the vowel is short.

   Split between the two consonants in the middle.

   Keep the consonant together with -le.

   Split after the vowel, because the vowel says its name.

2. "unbelievable" is divided un-be-liev-a-ble. Which rule explains the break between "un" and "be"?

   Keep the consonant together with -le.

   Split off the prefix or suffix.

   Split after the vowel, because the vowel says its name.

   Split after the consonant, because the vowel is short.

3. "temperature" is divided tem-per-a-ture. Which rule explains the break between "tem" and "per"?

   Split after the vowel, because the vowel says its name.

   Keep the consonant together with -le.

   Split off the prefix or suffix.

   Split between the two consonants in the middle.

4. "caterpillar" is divided cat-er-pil-lar. Which rule explains the break between "pil" and "lar"?

   Keep the consonant together with -le.

   Split off the prefix or suffix.

   Split after the vowel, because the vowel says its name.

   Split between the two consonants in the middle.

5. "watermelon" is divided wa-ter-mel-on. Which rule explains the break between "mel" and "on"?

- Split after the vowel, because the vowel says its name.
- Keep the consonant together with -le.
- Split after the consonant, because the vowel is short.
- Split off the prefix or suffix.

6. "imagination" is divided i-mag-i-na-tion. Which rule explains the break between "mag" and "i"?

- Split between the two consonants in the middle.
- Keep the consonant together with -le.
- Split after the vowel, because the vowel says its name.
- Split after the consonant, because the vowel is short.

7. "information" is divided in-for-ma-tion. Which rule explains the break between "in" and "for"?

- Split after the consonant, because the vowel is short.
- Split between the two consonants in the middle.
- Split after the vowel, because the vowel says its name.
- Keep the consonant together with -le.

8. "independent" is divided in-de-pen-dent. Which rule explains the break between "in" and "de"?

- Split off the prefix or suffix.
- Split after the consonant, because the vowel is short.
- Keep the consonant together with -le.
- Split after the vowel, because the vowel says its name.

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Answer Key - Grade 4 Spelling Worksheet - Challenge Me

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